CONNECTIONS BETWEEN

CORAL REEFS & COASTAL COMMUNITIES

NOAA's Coral Reef Conservation Program monitors the biological, socioeconomic, and climate conditions of US coral reefs and communities through the National Coral Reef Monitoring Program (NCRMP). The Socioeconomic Component of the NCRMP collects and monitors human use of coral reef resources, knowledge, attitudes, and perceptions of coral reefs and coral reef management, and demographics of the populations living in coral reef areas. The takeaways below are based on resident survey results from Puerto Rico's second monitoring cycle.

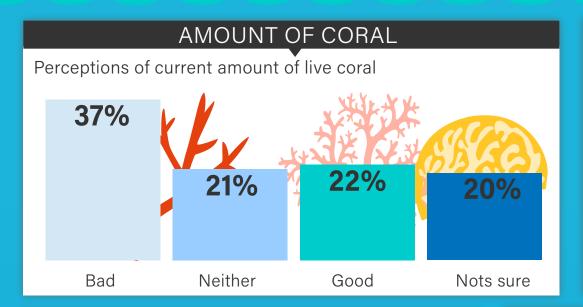


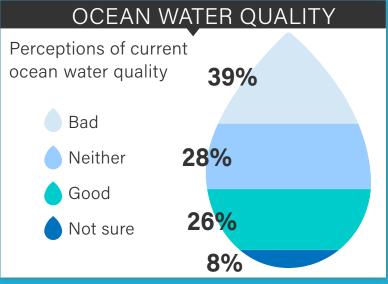
MANAGEMENT SUPPORT Most residents support management strategies to protect coral reefs Support further restricting sources of pollution Support increasing law enforcement surveillance efforts Support new requirements for improved wastewater treatment Support establishing new catch limits per person for certain fisheries species 83%



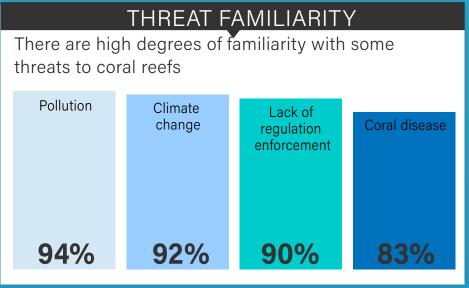
CORAL REEF IMPORTANCE

Most residents (89%) agree that coral reefs are important for protecting Puerto Rico from natural disasters



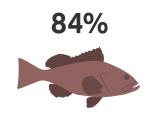


Many residents had positive perceptions about the benefits of Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) MPAs improve the tourism-based economy of PR MPAs improve my livelihood MPAs improve the protection of coral reefs 55% MPAs improve the amount of fish



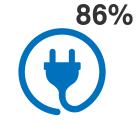
SEAFOOD CONSUMPTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL BEHAVIORS

Residents engaged in the following activities at different frequencies



49%







Ate fish or seafood

Ate locally harvested seafood from coral reefs

Used fewer single use products

Reduced household electricty use

Reduced household water use



All percentages have been rounded to the nearest whole number. An in-person survey was conducted within a random sample of residents aged eighteen and older across Puerto Rico, Vieques, and Culebra between January and November 2022 (surveying was paused on September 18 with the landfall of Hurricane Fiona and resumed only on Vieques and Culebra in late October). Surveys were offered in Spanish and English. A total of 980 surveys were completed with a response rate of 22%. This survey was conducted for Puerto Rico's second socioeconomic NCRMP monitoring cycle, and is used in conjunction with the collection of existing secondary data to monitor the socioeconomic conditions of U.S. coral jurisdictions over time.



